1	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT						
2	EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK						
3		]	X				
4	MIROSLAW GORTAT, et al.,		:	07-CV-03	2.620		
5	Plaintiffs,		: :	07-00-0	3629		
6	v.		: :	225 Cadman Plaza East	Engt		
7	CAPALA BROTHERS, INC., et	al.,	:				
8	Defendants.	]		May 5, 2	2010		
9	TRANSCRIPT OF CIVIL CAUSE FOR CONFERENCE BEFORE THE HONORABLE STEVEN M. GOLD UNITED STATES CHIEF MAGISTRATE JUDGE						
10							
11							
12	APPEARANCES:						
13	For the Plaintiffs:		ROBERT WISNIEWSKI, ESQ. Robert Wisniewski & Associates, PC 225 Broadway - Suite 1020 New York, New York 10007				
14		225 Bro					
15		11011	,	11CW 101	10007		
16	For the Defendants:		FELIPE E. ORNER, ESQ. 72-79 137th Street				
17		Flushing, New York 11367					
18							
19	Court Transcriber:	RUTH AN	RUTH ANN HAGER TypeWrite Word Processing Service 211 N. Milton Road				
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	Proceedings recorded by electronic sound recording, transcript produced by transcription service						

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1
    (Proceedings began at 4:04 p.m.)
 2
              THE COURT: All right. This is Gortat, et al. v.
    Capala Brothers, et al., 07-CV-03629.
 3
 4
              For the plaintiff?
 5
              MR. WISNIEWSKI: Robert Wisniewski, W-I-S-N-I-E-W-S-
   K-I, for all plaintiffs.
 6
7
              THE COURT: And for the defendants?
              MR. ORNER: Felipe Orner for all the defendants.
 8
9
    Good afternoon, Your Honor.
10
              THE COURT: Good afternoon.
11
              MR. ORNER: Good afternoon.
12
              THE COURT: Well, our litigation has proceeded to
13
    the point where Judge Glasser has affirmed my decision that
    the case should go forward under 216(b), has ruled that the
14
15
    case should go forward as a class action under Rule 23, and
16
    has defined the class for Rule 23 purposes. I asked the
   parties to draft a notice in the event Judge Glasser so ruled
17
18
    and to articulate any difficulties with that notice, and set
19
    this conference to review the proposal and any objections to
20
         In fact, what I asked was that the parties try to agree
21
    on a notice, but apparently that was not possible.
22
              Mr. Wisniewski submitted a notice that he proposed
23
    to the Court and the defendants elected not to file any
24
    objections to it then and I propose we go through it page by
25
    page now and get it into final shape.
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3
              Is there anything either side has on the first page?
1
2
   Not hearing anything.
 3
              On the second page there are two dates that need to
   be filled out. Assuming that the notice is approved today
 4
    in -- with changes and I will be making some changes -- what
 5
    is your -- I seem to recall that the plaintiffs asked for
 6
7
    leave to publish in a newspaper.
 8
              MR. WISNIEWSKI: Correct.
9
              THE COURT: And I granted that application but
10
    further ordered that the plaintiffs would bear the cost of
11
    publication and Judge Glasser approved that ruling over
    defendants' objection.
12
13
              MR. WISNIEWSKI: Correct.
14
              THE COURT: So given that what mechanisms of notice
15
    do you intend to follow, Mr. Wisniewski, and how long will it
    take to accomplish it. I ask these questions in the context
16
17
    of setting a date for responses that are called for on page 2.
18
              MR. WISNIEWSKI: Your Honor, we -- you approved the
19
   publication of the notice in five consecutive weekend editions
20
    of a Polish language daily in the New York City area.
21
    were to be published not this weekend, but the next weekend,
22
    so that would -- only because they have certain deadlines --
23
              THE COURT: Oh, of course.
24
              MR. WISNIEWSKI: -- that they need to receive
25
    documents.
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4
              THE COURT: So it would take us almost to the end of
1
2
    June.
 3
              MR. WISNIEWSKI: I would think.
              THE COURT: So if we set this date as the first
 4
 5
   Monday in August it would probably be an appropriate response
    time?
 6
 7
              MR. WISNIEWSKI: I think so.
 8
              THE COURT: Mr. Orner, anything to add?
9
              MR. ORNER: I've stated all my objections on the
10
    record, Your Honor, and they've been overruled by you and
11
    Judge Glasser. There's nothing additional. As we go through
12
    the notice I have an objection on page 3, but you want to hear
13
    the objection of my page 3 or do you want --
14
              THE COURT:
                         No. Right now we're talking about
15
    whether that's a reasonable time frame.
16
              MR. ORNER: Reasonable time frame? Yes.
17
              THE COURT: Thank you. Let's find out what exactly
18
    the first Monday in August is. That would be August 2nd, so
19
    we'll -- are both dates appropriately set as the same? I
20
    think so.
21
              MR. WISNIEWSKI: Yes.
22
              THE COURT: Okay. So those dates will be August
23
    2nd. On page 3 I have some comments. Maybe they will address
24
   Mr. Orner's objection; maybe not. I'm starting five lines of
25
    text above the class action under New York state law and I'm
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5 focused on the sentence that says, "The lawsuit seeks back 1 2 pay." There is a reference there to statutorily provided 3 liquidated damages, which by virtue of its placement in the notice could be read to suggest that it applies to everything 4 that follows when as is made clear below to a sophisticated 5 reader but perhaps less clear to an unsophisticated one it 6 7 does not. And I would propose that the sentence be amended to 8 read, "The lawsuit seeks back pay and other damages as well as costs and attorney's fees so as not to confuse the reader 9 10 below." Is that acceptable to the plaintiff? 11 MR. WISNIEWSKI: Yes. 12 THE COURT: So we would take out the word "statutory 13 provided liquidated" and replace it with "and other." 14 The next sentence that I would propose an amendment 15 to is the last sentence of that paragraph which I hesitate to amend because I believe it tracks precisely the case that I 16 17 suggested counsel look to for guidance. And yet, upon reading 18 it I found that to me it didn't do justice to the defendant's 19 position in the case and I would propose that it be amended to say "The defendants deny the plaintiff's allegations" as it 20 21 says now and then I would insert the following, "contend that 22 they paid their employees the wages to which they were 23 entitled by law" and then the rest of the sentence. 24 And just to repeat that for everybody's convenience, 25 I would add the phrase after the expression "plaintiffs'

```
6
    allegations" and before "and deny that they are liable" I
1
 2
    would add the phrase, "contend that they paid their employees
 3
    the wages to which they were entitled by law." And I do
    understand that correctly to be the defendants' contention,
 4
   Mr. Orner.
 5
              MR. ORNER:
                          Yes, Your Honor.
 6
 7
              THE COURT: Is there anything else you had you on
 8
   page 3, Mr. Orner?
9
             MR. ORNER: Yes, Your Honor.
10
              THE COURT: What is it?
11
              MR. ORNER: It is clear from Judge Glasser's
    decision to me and even though it's referred to have above is
12
13
    that the only class action claim here is a half an hour
14
   between 7:00 a.m. and 7:30 a.m. pay, nothing else.
              THE COURT: Why do you say that? What portion of --
15
16
              MR. ORNER: That's --
17
              THE COURT: -- Judge Glasser's opinion would you
18
   point me to that would support that?
19
                          I do not have his decision to point Your
              MR. ORNER:
20
    Honor to, but I would submit that this case has nothing but
21
    the half an hour from class action. The foremens -- the
22
    foremens do not constitute a class action. There are only 12
23
    of them and whatever claim they have for pay after 4:00 p.m.,
24
    that's not part of a class action. So I would say -- I would
25
    suggest that the position of the class be limited with a half-
```

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7
   hour claim.
1
 2
              THE COURT: Well --
 3
              MR. ORNER: All the evidence in the record indicates
    that. There is nothing to the contrary.
 4
 5
              MR. WISNIEWSKI: Your Honor, I have Judge Glasser's
 6
    decision. Maybe coun -- if I give it to counsel maybe he can
7
   point to --
 8
              THE COURT:
                          I have it.
 9
              MR. WISNIEWSKI: Oh.
10
              THE COURT: I don't think it's really necessary.
11
    I'm focused on pages 9 and 15. On page 9 Judge Glasser wrote
12
    "Finally, defendants argue" -- and this is in connection with
13
    the class certification discussion -- that because the foremen
14
    claim they were not paid for hours at the end of the workday.
15
    While the laborers claim only unpaid time in the morning there
    is insufficient commonality to allow the claims to be brought
16
17
    as a single class." And then he goes on to write, "This court
18
    has previously addressed this issue." He quotes a portion of
19
    a prior decision where he concluded that "any individualized
    questions regarding the number of hours that a specific
20
21
    employee worked will not predominate over questions of fact
22
    and law relevant to all members of the purported class." And
23
    he concludes, "Typicality is satisfied, especially in light of
24
    the fact that both foreman and laborer are among the named
25
    plaintiffs." He then goes on on page 15 to adopt a definition
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8 of the certified class that explicitly states that it includes 1 2 "All persons employed by defendants as roofers, brick layers, 3 masons, building laborers, drivers, foremen and other manual workers." 4 So not only did Judge Glasser certify a class that 5 includes the foremen but he did so after considering, but 6 7 finding unpersuasive, the effort by the defendants to remove 8 from the class the foremen because of their claim that they had afternoon responsibilities that the laborers do not claim. 9 10 MR. ORNER: Maybe it's semantics, Your Honor. We're 11 not trying to remove the foremen from the half an hour in the 12 morning. It's the same class. We agree they're the same 13 class. We're talking about the claim of the so-claimed unpaid afternoon hours. 14 15 THE COURT: Yes, I understand. 16 MR. ORNER: The four men are part of the same class as the laborers for the first half an hour in the day. 17 18 is no argument as to that. But the claims in this 19 litigation -- there are two claims in this litigation, Your 20 Honor, as you well know, the half an hour in the morning and 21 the afternoon time is only claimed by the foremen. 22 THE COURT: Yes. 23 MR. ORNER: This is an over broad notice. 24 THE COURT: I understand your argument. I believe 25 Judge Glasser has already considered it and rejected it twice

9 and he did so on page 9 of his April 9, 2010, decision which 1 2 is docket entry 196. And he did so by quoting an earlier 3 decision that he rendered reported in FRD. And in both cases he concluded that "The fact that the foremen make a claim as 4 class members for the afternoon hours does not render the 5 6 class representatives atypical or the class incapable of being 7 certified." He didn't say, because I will only certify those 8 claims of the foremen relating to the hour in the morning or half-hour in the morning that they claim in common with 9 10 laborers; he said that these differences in the scope of their 11 claims are insufficient to defeat the typicality requirements that the plaintiff has otherwise met. So I read it 12 13 differently and I'm approving the notice in that regard. 14 MR. ORNER: One final note on that and I -- I'm not 15 rearguing or anything --THE COURT: That's fine. 16 17 MR. ORNER: -- that I said. Then why is not -- if 18 that is correct why doesn't the composition of the class then 19 indicate the limitations as to the half an hour in the morning and the afternoon pay for everybody, for the foremen, so that 20 21 when somebody -- somebody is going to pick this newspaper ad, 22 it's over broad right now what composition of the class it is, 23 even though it's noted before on the noted as to the 24 composition of the class itself. You can have -- I'm going to 25 have any kind of bogus claims from people going from right

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10
    field and the left field while the only two claims in this
1
 2
    litigation are the half an hour on the claim in the morning
 3
    and the afternoon hours by foremen only.
              THE COURT: But, Mr. Orner, the definition of the
 4
    class is taken directly from Judge Glasser's decision defining
 5
 6
    the class. The language of the class definition has already
 7
   been so ordered by Judge Glasser. The description that
 8
   precedes the class definition makes clear, as I think in
    response to your well-taken point and at my instruction and
9
10
    response to you having made that point, that how narrow the
11
    claims are and it's the immediately preceding paragraph.
12
              So I mean, if you would like I think your point
13
    continues to have some merit and I think perhaps we should
14
    take those sentences that describe the claims and put them in
15
    bold if you think that would be helpful.
16
                          That would -- and I would start by --
              MR. ORNER:
17
              THE COURT: But I'm not going to change the
18
    definition of the class that Judge Glasser has --
19
              MR. ORNER: No.
                               I don't --
20
              THE COURT: -- already rendered.
21
              MR. ORNER:
                          I don't ask that you change the
22
    definition of the class. I'd just like to alert to anybody
23
    who is picking up this notice what the claims are within the
24
    class.
25
              THE COURT: All right.
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11
              MR. ORNER: And if you want to put it in bold I'd
1
2
    appreciate it if you -- if the notice stated in bold --
 3
              THE COURT: All right.
              MR. ORNER: -- is part of the composition class.
 4
              THE COURT: That -- well, I think the portion that
 5
 6
    should be in bold is the preceding language that begins "In
7
   particular the lawsuit alleges" up through "from mandatory
 8
    work performed after 4:00 p.m." That's the point you want
    emphasized. Right, Mr. Orner?
9
10
              MR. ORNER: Yes, Your Honor.
11
              THE COURT: And I think if that language is bolded
12
   you're quite correct that people who claim that they worked 80
13
    or 90 hours a week will understand that this case is not one
    that involves their contention.
14
15
              Mr. Wisniewski, do you wish to be heard before we
   make that a so-ordered change?
16
17
              MR. WISNIEWSKI: No.
18
              THE COURT:
                          Okay.
19
              MR. WISNIEWSKI: I mean, except that if someone does
20
    claim hours which may add up to substantial hours, I think --
21
    no, I don't. I think it is clear from bolding this that there
22
    were certain positions that plaintiffs were taking with
23
    respect to certain hours and I think it -- since it does
24
    address Mr. Orner's concerns then I have no problem.
25
              THE COURT:
                          Thank you.
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12
              MR. WISNIEWSKI: I -- so just to be clear, the only
1
2
    sentence that is bolded on this page is the one that begins
 3
    with "in particular" --
              THE COURT: Yes.
 4
              MR. WISNIEWSKI: -- and ends with "after 4:00 p.m."
 5
              THE COURT:
                          That was my intention.
 6
 7
              MR. WISNIEWSKI:
                              Okay.
 8
              THE COURT: Mr. Orner, that's your understanding?
 9
              MR. ORNER: Yes, Your Honor.
10
              THE COURT: Excellent. We're on the -- I was going
11
    to say we're on the same page, but that would be a pun in this
    context and I don't wish to make one. I'm ready to move to
12
13
    the following page if you are.
14
              On the following page I have more of a question than
15
    a change with respect to the first paragraph about the
16
    attorneys representing plaintiffs being paid on a contingency
17
    fee basis.
18
              MR. ORNER: Correct.
19
              THE COURT: Here's my question and forgive me if it
    reflects a lack of savvy on my part about how this actually
20
21
    works in practice. My concern when I first read this,
22
   Mr. Wisniewski, was that the statement which I think is
23
    important to alert class members to is placed in the context
24
    of the class action but not the 216(b) discussion and I was
25
    thinking about whether it should be moved to apply to both.
```

It then occurred to me that the 216(b) plaintiffs will be opt-in plaintiffs, not op-out plaintiffs and from that I inferred that you would be their lawyer as an individual and not only through a representative and that you would have a direct retainer arrangement with them that made this explicit. I don't know if that's an accurate inference or not.

MR. WISNIEWSKI: No, Your Honor. As part of joining this case they will fill out a consent to joinder form in which they also appoint the main plaintiffs as representatives and the consent amongst others to be questions concerning attorney's fees.

I also should like to point out that both in class actions and in collective actions, even though there is a retainer agreement, if I submit my hours I believe the trend nowadays is to award fees based on a contingency -- on a percentage basis and I think it's something you addressed in one of the recent decisions in which you, I think, dealt with my application in a different case.

So my understanding is that I will be filing an application and at that time I will expect the Court to award the attorney's fees from the defendants.

THE COURT: Yeah, I understand that. What I'm concerned about is that when people opt in they understand that if there's a settlement a portion of it will be paid to you and because it may lead them to want to discuss with an

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14
    attorney whether there's an advantage to be represented
1
 2
    individually. Given the placement of the discussion it
 3
    creates the impression to the reader that this only applies to
    the Rule 23 claim and not to the 216(b) claim. That's my
 4
   point. I --
 5
              MR. WISNIEWSKI: Is there a place you --
 6
 7
              THE COURT: Well, there is actually. I was
 8
    wondering if we should take that portion, that is to say, the
    first sentence of the first full paragraph on page 4 from "The
9
10
    attorneys representing plaintiffs up until in favor of all
11
   members of the class," and if we should move it to right after
12
    your name and address under Section 5 on page 8. Do you see
13
    where I'm saying?
14
              MR. WISNIEWSKI: Are you -- since the -- are you
15
    referring to the page 8 of 9, document number one --
16
              THE COURT: Yes, I am.
17
             MR. WISNIEWSKI: And I'm sorry I missed --
18
              THE COURT: I thought maybe we could take that
19
    sentence, "The attorneys representing plaintiffs" and put it
20
    as the first sentence after your name and address in Section 5
21
    of the notice.
22
              MR. WISNIEWSKI: Oh, okay.
23
              THE COURT: Why don't you take a minute, both of
24
   you, and see how you think that flows. That seems to be where
25
    we're talking about attorney's fees and costs in
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15
   Mr. Wisniewski's role in the case and that's why I thought it
1
 2
   might fit better over there.
 3
              MR. WISNIEWSKI: I have no problem. I think it does
   make sense.
 4
              THE COURT: Mr. Orner, anything to add about that?
 5
             MR. ORNER: Why wouldn't it be the same for the
 6
7
    second sentence?
 8
              THE COURT: Well --
9
              MR. WISNIEWSKI: Your Honor, I think the second
10
    sentence refers to a situation where someone participates in a
11
    class action lawsuit and has his own attorney -- his or her
12
    own attorney.
13
              THE COURT: He means the second sentence on page 4.
14
    You mean, the second sentence on page 8.
15
              MR. ORNER: Yes.
16
              THE COURT: I think.
17
             MR. ORNER: Yes, I mean -- yeah, I meant the second
18
    sentence on --
19
             MR. WISNIEWSKI: Oh, okay.
20
             MR. ORNER: -- page --
21
              MR. WISNIEWSKI: I'm sorry.
22
              THE COURT: That's okay.
23
              MR. ORNER: Yes.
24
              THE COURT: Well, I think that's -- I think the
25
    concept of a class action is very important to explain in this
```

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16
    specific discussion of class action whether we should make
1
 2
    sure that there's something comparable.
 3
              MR. WISNIEWSKI: I'm sorry. Mister -- Your Honor,
    do you mean you want to repeat this sentence on page 8 as
 4
   well?
 5
 6
              MR. ORNER: Just didn't mean to repeat it. Since
7
   we're moving the first sentence of the paragraph I think that
 8
    the second sentence flow of the first sentence and both
9
    sentences should be on page 8.
10
              THE COURT: No, I'm not going to do that because I
11
    think that the opt-in notice will advise the 216(b)
12
    plaintiffs. In fact, it does. The consent to become a party
13
    plaintiff form has that language and I think, Mr. Orner, that
14
    it dilutes the important message that by joining a class you
15
    are delegating responsibility to class representatives to act
    on your behalf and you shouldn't do it unless you're prepared
16
17
    to do that.
18
              MR. ORNER: I am not talking about --
19
              THE COURT: To move it.
20
              MR. ORNER: -- if it remain a class -- I'm sorry.
                                                                 Ι
21
    didn't mean to interrupt. I'm sorry.
22
              THE COURT: No, that's all right. Go ahead.
23
              MR. ORNER:
                          I didn't mean the sentence where if you
24
    remember a class member. I meant --
25
              THE COURT: Oh, you said the next sentence.
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17
             MR. ORNER: "If there is a recovery" --
1
 2
              THE COURT: Oh, yes. Those two sentences should be
 3
   moved together.
             MR. ORNER: That's what --
 4
 5
              THE COURT: I'm sorry.
 6
             MR. ORNER:
                         Yes.
 7
             THE COURT: You're absolutely right. I treat -- did
8
   I say one sentence?
             MR. ORNER: Yes. You said once in the beginning.
9
10
             THE COURT: I meant the first two sentences.
11
   apologize. I had it circled as one sentence and I just didn't
   see that it was two.
12
13
             MR. ORNER: Yes.
             THE COURT: Thank you for clarifying, Mr. Orner.
14
15
   Mr. Wisniewski?
16
             MR. WISNIEWSKI: Yeah, yeah. I -- that's where I
17
   intended to move.
18
              THE COURT: Yeah.
             MR. WISNIEWSKI: I didn't realize these were two
19
20
   sentences --
              THE COURT: I didn't either. You and I made the
21
22
   same mistake and I'm sure you made it because I led you down
23
   the path.
24
              In the next -- then I think we can move on. In the
25
   next paragraph I -- this is a pure grammatical or style issue.
```

```
18
    I found the expression "If you do not wish to be excluded from
1
 2
    the class" a little bit confusing and I thought we might
 3
    change that and explain how important it is that they act in
    order not to waive their right to liquidated damages, that we
 4
    say "Unless you exclude yourself from the class" --
 5
              MR. WISNIEWSKI: I'm sorry, but where are we?
 6
 7
              THE COURT: Oh.
                               I'm back on page 4. I'm in the
 8
    next paragraph after the one we were just talking about, the
    one that begins "New York State law" --
9
10
              MR. WISNIEWSKI: I see. Okay.
11
              THE COURT: -- and I am troubled by the phrase "If
    you do not wish to be excluded from the class" both because
12
13
    it's awkward and because it's not exactly accurate because
    they may wish -- not wish to be excluded from the class but if
14
15
    they don't do something they will be part of the class. I
    would rather it say, if we all agree, "Unless you exclude
16
17
    yourself from the class you will have waived these liquidated
18
    damages under New York law" and there is a typographical error
19
    in that "liquidates." Should be "liquidated." Is that change
20
    acceptable to the plaintiffs?
21
              MR. WISNIEWSKI: Yes.
22
              THE COURT: To the defendants?
23
              MR. ORNER: No objection, Your Honor.
24
              THE COURT: Then we need a date for exclusion.
25
    think -- is there any reason it shouldn't be the same August
```

```
19
    2nd date?
1
 2
              MR. ORNER: Your Honor, I need more time to work on
 3
    that.
              THE COURT: More time to work on what?
 4
              MR. ORNER: On possible exclusions.
 5
              THE COURT: You're not allowed to exclude.
 6
 7
              MR. ORNER: I'm allowed to contact people unless
 8
    there's an order to show cause, which you haven't ruled on
9
   yet.
10
              THE COURT: You are not to contact people about
11
    excluding themselves from the class. The Court controls the
12
    notice. You are not to contact people in connection with
13
    excluding themselves from the class. Now I've ruled.
14
              MR. ORNER: Your Honor --
15
              THE COURT: August 2, 2010 for exclusions.
16
             MR. ORNER: Will Your Honor rule -- have a written
17
    decision on the order sua sponte --
18
              THE COURT: I'll put it right in the minute entries.
19
              MR. ORNER: Sua spon -- you haven't sua sponte order
20
    to show cause and I have opposition. We haven't ruled since
    October.
21
22
              THE COURT: I'm ruling now.
23
              MR. ORNER: Just like that.
24
              THE COURT: Just like that. I explained the reasons
25
    for it. Judge Glasser explained the reasons for it. I'm
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20
    stunned that you could think after those orders that you have
1
 2
    the right to continue contacting the members of the class
 3
    about excluding.
              MR. ORNER: Judge Glasser did not say anything
 4
   negatively --
 5
              THE COURT: Fine.
 6
 7
              MR. ORNER: -- about contacting any class members
 8
    and getting the affidavits.
9
              THE COURT: Okay.
10
              MR. ORNER: Didn't say anything negatively. If you
11
    can point it out in his opinion I would appreciate it.
12
              THE COURT: Well, maybe we'll take it up when we're
13
    done. Let's go to page 5.
14
              MR. ORNER: Can we have a written decision on that
15
    so I can file my objection?
16
              THE COURT: Absolutely. Your exclusion request must
17
    be postmarked on or before -- and I guess August 2nd is the
18
    appropriate date for that as well. Right?
19
              MR. WISNIEWSKI: Yes, Your Honor.
20
              THE COURT: On page 6 we have a date August 2nd. If
21
    anybody has objections to the terms of the notice, let me --
22
              MR. ORNER: I would like to have it September 2nd,
23
    Your Honor.
24
              THE COURT: Denied. I think 30 days is ample time.
25
   Not to mention that it's not only 30 days from -- it's not 30
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21
    days. August 2nd is almost 90 days. The additional time is
1
 2
    only to allow the publication of the notice. Your request for
 3
    additional time is to try to talk people out of joining the
    class and if you had such a right you would have had 90 days
 4
    to exercise it.
 5
              At the bottom of page 6 I'm concerned about the
 6
7
   phrase "such determination" because there is no reference back
 8
    to the word "determination" and it's sort of a legal
    expression and I would like to propose that the sentence be
9
10
    amended to "any decision about whether your claim is valid or
11
   not must be made by the Court." Would you like that repeated,
12
    Mr. Wisniewski?
13
             MR. WISNIEWSKI: I'll read it because I noted it.
    "Any decision whether your" --
14
15
              THE COURT: "About whether your claim is valid or
16
   not." Is that acceptable to you?
17
              MR. WISNIEWSKI: Yes.
18
              THE COURT: Mr. Orner?
19
             MR. ORNER: No, it's not but it doesn't make a
20
    difference, does it?
21
              THE COURT: Mr. Orner, what's objectionable to you
22
    about it?
23
              MR. ORNER: Your Honor, you're on page 6?
24
                         Yes, sir.
              THE COURT:
25
             MR. ORNER: The collective action. The collective
```

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22
    action does not give limitations to class action as to the
1
 2
    times between the 7:00, 7:30, and the after 4:00 p.m.
 3
              THE COURT: Neither does the class definition.
                                                              That
    language appears before the definition of either the class
 4
 5
    action or the collective action and by the organization of the
    document applies to both.
 6
 7
              MR. ORNER: It's confusing to me, Your Honor.
 8
    don't see it.
9
              THE COURT: Okay. Let's not --
10
              MR. ORNER:
                         If somebody can read the papers -- I'm a
11
    lawyer and it's confusing to me. I can't imagine what it's
12
    going to be to a Polish worker.
13
              THE COURT: It's not confusing at all to me. It's
14
    the language your -- that we just doled [ph.] is in the
15
    heading "Description of the lawsuit" which precedes the two
16
    discussions of the class action and the certifications --
17
    certified fair labor standards action.
18
              All right. Let's move forward from that. Did
19
    you -- my question to you was what your objection was to the
20
    change I proposed to the bottom of page 6. Do you have one or
21
    not?
22
              MR. ORNER: At the bottom of page 6. What
23
   paragraph?
24
              THE COURT:
                          I just suggested at the bottom of page 6
25
    that the paragraph that begins, "This notice does not mean
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23
    that you have a valid claim or that you are entitled to any
1
 2
   monetary recovery." I would like to see the words "any such
 3
    determination" changed to "any decision about whether your
    claim is valid or not." Do you have an objection?
 4
              MR. ORNER: "Any such determination"? Any such
 5
    court determination. I still -- I'm sorry. I'm not following
 6
7
   you.
 8
              THE COURT: I would like to change the sentence,
    "Any such determination must still be made by the court" --
9
10
              MR. ORNER:
                         Yes.
11
              THE COURT: -- to the sentence, "Any decision about
12
    whether your claim is valid or not must still be made by the
13
    court."
                          That's fine, Your Honor.
14
              MR. ORNER:
15
              THE COURT:
                          Thank you. Is there any reason we
16
    shouldn't use the same August 2nd date in paragraph (c) on
17
    page 7? Hearing none, that's what we'll do. Or on the --
18
    "even if defendants contacted you" paragraph on page 8, on
19
    that page, the last sentence of the bolded and underlined
20
    language, Mr. Wisniewski, it says, "The Court has determined
21
    that any such affidavit has no legal effect on whether you can
22
    join this case." I guess that's technically true, but it is
23
    arguably a little bit of an overstatement in the sense that we
24
    don't know if these -- I don't want to commit to the fact that
25
    these affidavits can have no conceivable ramification at
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24
    trial, such as use for cross-examination, and I was going to
1
 2
    suggest that we alter that in that light to say, "The Court
 3
   has determined that any such affidavit does not preclude you
    from joining this case." I think it means the same thing, but
 4
    it says less.
 5
              MR. WISNIEWSKI:
 6
 7
              THE COURT: Mr. Orner, do you have any comment on
 8
    that particular proposal?
9
              MR. ORNER: Not on the particular proposal, Your
10
    Honor. Obviously, the proposal bears in mind that we could
11
    use those affidavits for cross-examination.
12
              THE COURT: I didn't say you could; I said that the
13
    original language --
14
              MR. ORNER:
                         But the --
15
              THE COURT: -- says you can't and I don't think
    that's been decided yet.
16
17
              I believe that that is all I have. Do you have
18
    anything else, Mr. Wisniewski?
19
              MR. WISNIEWSKI: No, Your Honor.
20
              THE COURT: Is there anything else I should address
21
    today or should we just go forward with the notice and see
22
    what happens?
23
              MR. WISNIEWSKI: Your Honor, two things: Firstly, we
24
    would request that the defendants provide not only the hard
25
    copy employee list but also the electronic version. I know
```

```
25
    that they print this list from a -- from some electronic
1
    database and it would just assist us or save time for us to
 2
 3
   print out envelopes.
              THE COURT: Mr. Orner, is there an objection to
 4
 5
    that?
 6
              MR. ORNER:
                         Oh, yeah. There's a big objection.
 7
              THE COURT: You understand that if Mr. Wisniewski
 8
    incurs this cost and he prevails in the case he'll seek to
    recover it from the defendants and if the cost is less
9
10
    there'll be less to recover?
11
              MR. ORNER: I understand that, Your Honor.
12
              THE COURT: How many plaintiffs are we talking
13
    about, Mr. Wisniewski?
14
             MR. WISNIEWSKI: We believe there are about 80. At
15
    least 80.
16
              THE COURT: I don't think that's so big that I care
17
    to embroil myself in this dispute. Eighty is a manageable
18
    number by hard copy. What's next? Typing 80 labels isn't
19
    overwhelming. That's what we're talking about, right, address
20
    labels --
21
             MR. WISNIEWSKI: Right.
22
              THE COURT: -- on letters? You can type in 80 names
23
    and addresses in an hour or two.
24
              MR. WISNIEWSKI: The defendants' rebuttal expert
25
    requested a change of date of the deposition from May the
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26
    11th, which is within the discovery time, concerning the
1
 2
    counterclaims to May the 18th. We have no problem --
 3
              MR. ORNER:
                          17th. I thought it was the 17th.
              MR. WISNIEWSKI: 17th. Fine. I apologize.
 4
              MR. ORNER:
                          17th.
 5
              MR. WISNIEWSKI: The 17th. We have no problem if
 6
7
   you -- but you just need to extend the time.
 8
              THE COURT:
                         Any objection, Mr. Orner?
 9
              MR. ORNER:
                         No.
10
              THE COURT: So ordered.
11
              MR. WISNIEWSKI: Your Honor, since we intend to send
    the transcript to the rebuttal expert and under the rules he
12
13
    has 30 days to review it could you please take into account
14
    that in your discovery deadline?
15
              THE COURT: Yes, I'll -- discovery is reopened for
16
    the sole purpose of plaintiffs' deposition of the defendants'
17
    expert, Mister?
18
              MR. WISNIEWSKI: I forget.
19
              MR. ORNER: Friedman [Ph.]. Harold Friedman.
20
              THE COURT: Mr. Friedman to be held on May 17th or
21
    shortly thereafter as counsel are able, plus 45 days for the
22
    sole purpose of obtaining a transcript and its signature by
23
    the witness.
24
              MR. WISNIEWSKI: Thank you.
25
              THE COURT:
                          Okav.
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27
              MR. ORNER: I'd just like to alert the Court that
1
2
    I'm going to use my own stenographer for that deposition.
 3
              THE COURT:
                          When you say your own you mean you're
   bringing a second court reporter at your own expense?
 4
 5
              MR. ORNER:
                          Correct, correct.
 6
              THE COURT:
                         All right. I don't believe that that
7
    should work any prejudice to the plaintiff, nor do I believe
 8
    that that transcript will have any practical benefit, but
   you're certainly entitled if you'd like to have somebody else
9
10
    there taking it down to do it.
11
              MR. ORNER:
                          Thank you.
12
              THE COURT: You can even make a tape-recording of it
13
    if you like. Might be less expensive.
14
              MR. ORNER:
                         I'll take a stenographer, Your Honor.
15
              THE COURT: Is there anything either side would like
16
    to raise? Maybe we should set a control date in early
17
    September after all of the opt-outs, if any, and consents to
18
    join have been filed.
19
              MR. WISNIEWSKI: Your Honor, would it not make sense
20
    to then engage now in class discovery in terms of documents
21
    and so on and so forth from the defendants? That would at
22
    least -- we could use up the waiting time.
23
              THE COURT:
                          Yes. I understand your point.
24
   Mr. Orner?
25
              MR. ORNER: I object, Your Honor. I don't know --
```

28 THE COURT: Basis. 1 2 MR. ORNER: I don't know who's going to respond to 3 the class action yet, who's going to opt out, who's going to I think we should wait to see what's going to happen 4 5 with the notices. It's going to be an excess legal time span. Could be wasted. 6 7 MR. WISNIEWSKI: I think counsel seems a little 8 confused. The class has been certified, so the only persons who can opt out are people -- the only persons who can take an 9 10 action with respect to the class are those who decide to opt 11 out. And in that case, the fact that we receive documents for 12 people who later decide to opt out is not much of a -- how 13 shall I say -- prejudice to the defendants, whilst in the 14 meantime we can progress. This case has taken a long time --15 THE COURT: Yes. The reason --16 MR. WISNIEWSKI: -- given the number of --17 THE COURT: -- Mr. Orner's point that if you 18 propound demands for documents that are individualized to the 19 different AD individuals on the list, for example --20 MR. WISNIEWSKI: Yes. 21 THE COURT: -- and they are produced or they go 22 through the effort of producing them and 30 of them opt out 23 they will have had to make production as to 50 class members 24 instead of eight. 25 MR. WISNIEWSKI: Your Honor, then it will be a

```
29
    statistical miracle if 40 percent of the class opt out. And I
1
 2
   will then have serious questions as to how that miracle has
 3
    occurred.
              MR. ORNER: No, it's not a miracle because we've got
 4
    41 affidavits of people already said they don't want to be
 5
 6
   part of the class. It's not a miracle. It's not a miracle.
7
    And there is also confidential information, Social Security
 8
   numbers, and all that information of people who are going to
   be disclosed who might not want to be disclosed.
9
10
              MR. WISNIEWSKI: Your Honor, I am obligated under
11
    the court rules to keep such confidential information even
12
    without the confidentiality order.
13
              THE COURT: Okay. If there are demands that are
14
    generic demands applicable to all plaintiffs that would have
15
    to be answered the same way whether we have ten opt-outs, 20
    opt-outs or 50 opt-outs you can propound them. If there are
16
17
    individual specific demands, we'll await the opt-out period.
18
              MR. WISNIEWSKI: Thank you.
19
              THE COURT:
                          Thank you.
20
              MR. ORNER:
                         Thank you, Your Honor.
21
              THE COURT:
                          Wait. I'm setting a control date.
22
              MR. ORNER:
                          Oh.
23
              THE COURT: August 12th, 4:00 p.m.
24
              MR. WISNIEWSKI: Your Honor, I would like to get
25
    a --
```

```
30
              MR. ORNER: I'm sorry, but that's in the middle of
1
2
   my vacation time, Your Honor.
 3
              THE COURT:
                         When are you away?
              MR. ORNER: That's the last part of August. That's
 4
   my vacation.
 5
              THE COURT: It's the first half of August. August
 6
7
    12th.
 8
              MR. ORNER: Well, August 12th -- I'm getting -- the
9
    last couple days I'm getting here for my vacation, Your Honor.
    I've already got my schedule booked.
10
11
              THE COURT: August 10th. 10th at 4:00 p.m. How --
    is that better?
12
13
              MR. ORNER: August 10th. Okay.
14
              THE COURT: I'm sorry. Mr. Wisniewski, go ahead.
15
              MR. WISNIEWSKI: Your Honor, I wish to get a
16
    clarification whether your order covers not only counsel but
17
    also the defendants and I'm referring to the --
18
              THE COURT: Yes.
19
              MR. WISNIEWSKI: -- contacting of --
20
              THE COURT: There's to be no discussion about opting
21
    out of the class. The notice is carefully tailored to control
22
    the communication with absent class members. To encourage
23
   people to opt out of the class is inappropriate in my
24
    judgment, contrary to my order, and could result in further
25
    proceedings. I understand you have to interact with people at
```

```
31
   work, but you're not to talk to them about the class action.
1
 2
   That's why we have these notices. That's exactly what Judge
 3
   Glasser discussed. And I will, Mr. Orner, as you requested,
   point you to the language where he does so.
 4
 5
              MR. ORNER: Your Honor, this is a sua sponte order
 6
    to show cause --
 7
              THE COURT:
                         It is not a sua --
 8
              MR. ORNER: Yes. Yes, it was a sua sponte order to
9
    show cause. It was a sua sponte. That's a fact, Your Honor.
10
    There was no obligation from the plaintiffs. It was sua
11
    sponte order to show cause and to deny my clients the right to
12
    talk to their own ex-employees about the class action deprives
    their Constitutional rights. There is no precedent for it,
13
14
    Your Honor. There is no precedent as I cited on my opposition
15
    to the sua sponte order to show cause. Your decision stands
16
    all by itself without any support.
17
              THE COURT:
                          Thank you. I refer you to the portion
18
    of Judge Glasser's opinion that I had in mind appears on pages
    5 and 6.
19
20
              MR. ORNER: Your Honor, your --
21
              THE COURT: Docket entry 196.
22
              MR. ORNER: Your Honor, you're going to allow the
23
    plaintiffs to talk to their -- to the potential class in
24
    actions?
25
              THE COURT:
                          No. Why -- I do not expect
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32
   Mr. Wisniewski to be contacting the class members or the
1
 2
   plaintiffs to be discussing joinder or nonjoinder of the class
 3
   with the plaintiffs --
              MR. ORNER: Shouldn't the order apply then both
 4
 5
    to --
              THE COURT: Fine.
 6
 7
              MR. ORNER: -- plaintiffs and defendants?
 8
              THE COURT: Fine. Mr. Wisniewski, is there any
9
    objection to that?
10
              MR. WISNIEWSKI: Your Honor, in a way that --
11
    technically I represent the class and they are my clients.
    It's hard for me to be prevented from representing people.
12
13
              THE COURT: You cannot initiate a conversation with
    absent class members about that -- about encouraging them to
14
15
    join the class until they have contacted you or have consented
16
    to opt into the certification. How's that?
17
             MR. WISNIEWSKI: During that --
18
              THE COURT: Yeah. Between now and August 2nd.
19
              MR. WISNIEWSKI: Until August the 2nd. Okay.
              THE COURT: That's all.
20
21
              MR. WISNIEWSKI: No problem.
22
              MR. ORNER: And the plaintiffs themselves cannot
23
   have any conversations until the --
24
              THE COURT: That to encourage --
25
             MR. ORNER: -- potential --
```

```
33
1
              THE COURT: -- or discourage joinder of the class.
2
    I will say all counsel and parties are not to engage in
   discussions with absent class members about joining or not
3
    joining the class unless that conversation is initiated by the
 4
    absent class member or occurs after the absent class member
 5
 6
    files a consent to join the collective action.
7
              MR. ORNER: Thank you, Your Honor. Are we finished?
 8
              THE COURT: Yes.
9
              MR. ORNER: Thank you.
10
              (Proceedings ended at 4:48 p.m.)
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
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I certify that the foregoing is a court transcript from an electronic sound recording of the proceedings in the above-entitled matter. Chip And Hages Ruth Ann Hager Dated: May 6, 2010